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AN ANALYTICAL STUDY ON CHANGING VALUES AMONG WOMEN STUDENTS IN MODERN SOCIETY

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Abstract: The modern Indian woman is an object of admiration by people of the rest of the world, for the role she plays in the country's public life as well as for certain qualities that she seems to posses in greater measure than woman of other cultures. "Women in India have not only reached the highest position of power, have not only got equal political and civil rights as men without having to fight for them, they have been increasingly joining the higher ranks of administration and the various other public services and acquainting themselves with credit"

Women in India have attained greater freedom and equality on par with men in all walks of life proving themselves to be important resources for the development of the society and mankind. They are entering into every sphere of human activity with courage and conviction and also contributing for the enrichment of the society as well as themselves. Today we find women ambassadors, women cabinet ministers, women engineers, doctors, lawyers and administrators of highest caliber, Aviators, scientists, Astronauts etc., proving their excellence and eminence in what ever activity they under take.

Key Words: Changing values, Women Students, Modern Society.

1. INTRODUCTION:

Irrespective of the inhibitions against the women since Independence the trend of literacy among women would reveal that female education was on the way to gradual progress. It is also observed that with development of Indian economy the status of Indian women has gone to a higher level during the last four decades.

The conditions of women in Indian society was recorded some definite improvement in the modern times and major fact is attributable to a variety of causes. The constitution of India has given equal rights to women which shows that we recognize the fact that women can have an independent existence of her own and that is not always her business to pay the second fiddle to man.

2. REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE:

As **Sarojini Naidu** stated in 1960, "It is not you men but we who are the true nation builders". Now the Indian women are proudly entering into every sphere of human activity and are enriching it by her valuable contribution. The social life of India has gained tremendously by the emancipation of women and it has become rich and more likable than the social life of earlier times, when they lived a cribbed and confined life in the four walls of home.

Sl. No	Name of the Investigator	Problem	Area's taken	Objectives	Findings
1.	MAMATHA	"A Study of Hindu and	1.Status	To find out the role played by	Education is not the
	AGRAWAL	Muslim women and impact of	Education	religion in the modernization	only factor that brings
		education on social and	Religion	process.	social and cultural
		cultural modernization of	4. Caste	To find out the role of education	changes.
		Hindu & Muslim Women"		played in modernization process.	
2.	CHANDRA KALA	"A study on the changing status of Women"	 Marriage Education Career 	To find out the role of marriages in changing status women. To find out the role of career in changing status women.	Women can restart her career after two or three children.

3. STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM: The title of the problem is "An Analytical Study on changing values among women students in modern society".

The investigation is intended to answer the following questions specifically.

- Is there any difference in the changing values of rural and urban students towards value system?
- Is there any difference in the changing values of science and arts students towards value system?

4. OBJECTIVES OF THE PRESENT STUDY:

The investigator has formulated the following objectives:

- To find out the changing values among women students.
- To find out the difference between changing values of rural and urban degree college women students.
- To find out the difference b between changing values of arts and science groups degree college women students.

5. HYPOTHESES OF THE PRESENT STUDY:

- There is no significant difference in the values of rural and urban degree college women students.
- There is no significant difference in the values of arts and science group degree college women students.

6. LIMITATIONS OF THE PRESENT STUDY:

- The present study is limited to only degree women students.
- The present study is limited to only Rural, Urban degree college.
- The present study is limited to only Anantapur District.
- The present study is confined to 150 women students studying in various degree college of Anantapur District.

7. TOOL SELECTED FOR THE PRSENT STUDY:

For the present study, the investigator adopted the standardized tool prepared by

Dr.Mrs. Haseen Taj. The tool consists of 48 items covering the areas- social values and family values, cultural values, Educational Values, religious values and marriage values. This tool is most relevant to the present study. So the investigator selected this tool for the present study to collect the data.

8. ADMINISTRATION OF THE TOOL:

After the preparation of the questionnaire with 48 statements, it was administered to 150 women students studying in degree colleges of Anantapur district. The investigator visited the colleges to the maximum extent possible and gathered the data. After giving instructions to the women students, the investigator requested each women student to give their response for each statement by putting a tick mark $(\sqrt{})$ in appropriate box that is given opposite to each statement.

9. ANALYSIS, DISCUSSIONS AND FINDINGS:

TABLE NO. - 1

The table shows the relationship between rural and urban degree college women students towards changing Values

Category	N	Mean	S.D.	M.D.	S.ED.	C.R.
Urban	75	186	12.05	6.12	2.284	@ 2.769
Rural	75	180.12	15.69			

^{@:} Significant at both levels.

Discussion

The obtained t-value is 2.769. It is more than the table values. Hence it is significant at both levels. It shows that there is significant difference between rural and urban degree college women students in their values systems. *Findings:*

There is no significant difference between the levels of rural and urban Degree College women students in their value systems.

Hence, Null hypothesis is rejected.

Course of study difference in the changing Value of Women students

Hypothesis

There will between significant between Arts and science women students in their changing value systems. The above hypothesis is tested by employing t-test and Mean, S.D, difference of Mean and t-values of Science and Arts students are shown in Table -1.

TABLE NO. -2

The table shows the relationship between arts and science degree college women students towards changing values

Category	N	Mean	S.D.	M.D.	S.ED	C.R.
Arts	80	180.3	14.69	4.2	2.37	@ 1.77
Science	70	184.5	14.4	4.2		

[@] In Significant at both levels.

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Discussion :

The obtained t-value is 1.77 is less than the table values. Hence it is no significant at both levels. It shows that there is no significant difference between arts and science women students in their values systems.

There is no significant difference between the levels of Arts and Science Degree College women students in their value systems.

Hence, Null Hypothesis is accepted

Category of study difference in the changing values of Degree College Women Students Hypothesis:

- There is no significant difference between levels of Hindu and Minority Degree College women students in their changing value systems
- The above hypothesis is tested by employing t-test and S.D, in Hindu and Minority students are shown Table -2.

10. CONCLUSION:

The purpose of scientific research is to derive, verify and verifiable generalizations. An educational research worker has to take all care and caution in formulating the conclusions and they should be presented in somewhat more in detail and care should be taken to draw all conclusions directly from the findings.

Presentation of conclusions from the heart of any research report, skilful grouping of appropriate subordination of conclusions under major headings are essential in avoiding unnecessary enumeration of innumerable individual statements.

Thus, specific purpose of the present study is to find out "An Analytical study on changing values among women students in modern society".

In brief, it is found that there is significant difference of degree colleges women students in changing values regard to the locality. But, there is no significant difference of degree college women students in changing values regard to Course.

11. SUGGESTION FOR FURTHER RESEARCH:

- The same study can be conducted with a different category of values.
- The study can be conducted with different discussions i.e. a change in the sample, sample size, area etc.,
- The present study is limited to degree college women students. The investigator can also extend the study to the opinion of P.G. women students toward changing values in modern society.
- The sample of the study is limited to 150 degree college women students but it is necessary to elaborate the study. The study may be conducted on a large sample.
- The present study is restricted to only degree college women students on some selected colleges in Anantapur District. As such the present study may be opened for the further study on a broader aspect including degree colleges in more than two districts.
- The study may be useful for making life into a model one in our modern society.
- This study may be conducted to compare the values for women students where society is mobilized.

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